

## General Information

- Electricity systems carry voltages up to 400,000 volts, and can be supported by wooden poles or steel towers.
- Even 230 volts (domestic voltage) can be lethal.
- Never assume that electrical equipment is dead, even if the wires have fallen or broken.
- Remember that the power can be switched back on at any time, without warning.
- Touching electricity wires or objects / persons / vehicles in contact with the wires can be fatal.
- Electricity can jump gaps.
- Trees, string, ropes, highway crash barriers and water can conduct electricity.
- Once an electricity wire is on the ground, you do not have to touch it to be killed. The current will travel a reasonable distance through the ground.
- Rubber boots will not protect you.
- Look out and look up for overhead wires before you start. Most wires are not insulated.
- Always carry long objects horizontally.
- SSEPD telephone numbers should already be known by your control centre. Call SSEPD urgently with a precise location of the incident.
- Do not enter an electricity substation without authorisation from SSEPD.

**If in doubt keep five metres away and seek advice from SSEPD.**

## Key Message

- Don't be tempted to start a rescue before safety has been confirmed.
- Make sure SSEPD has been called as soon as you know the incident involves electricity poles, wires or substations.
- The wire may become live without notice. This may be after a few seconds or could be any time up to over an hour later if SSEPD is not aware of the incident.
- Always assume the wires are live.

## Emergency Contact

In an emergency, call the appropriate number below:

North of Scotland 0800 300 999

Central Southern England 08000 72 72 82

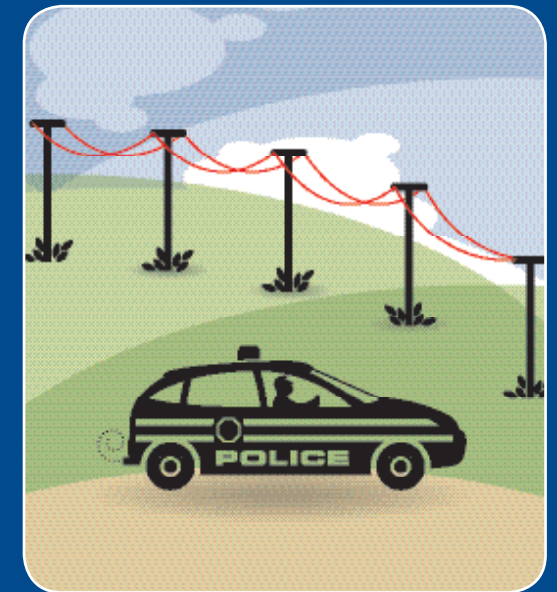
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# SAFETY ADVICE FOR THE POLICE SERVICE

Electricity can kill  
Keep at least five metres away



 **Scottish and Southern  
Energy**  
Power Distribution

## Introduction

In every emergency situation that you attend, you need to be aware that electricity wires or substations may be involved, or be in close proximity. Even low (domestic) voltage can be fatal, and electricity can jump large gaps. So it is vital that you work safely in the vicinity of electricity wires and substations.

This leaflet provides a basic guide to keeping safe from electricity when you attend incidents. The information should be used in conjunction with your in-house procedures.

## Examples of emergency situations associated with electricity networks include:

- Vehicle tipping or loading under an overhead line.
- Operating construction and agricultural vehicles or cranes under overhead lines.
- Contact with overhead lines whilst fishing, camping or scaffolding.
- Road traffic accidents involving collision with electricity poles.
- Attempted suicides at substations, poles or steel towers.
- Damage to, or contact with, underground cables whilst excavating.

## Could this happen to you?

A recent incident which involved a fatality highlighted the importance of notifying SSE Power Distribution (SSEPD) quickly when attending an electricity system related incident and the dangers of assuming that it is safe to approach and attempt a rescue.

Paramedics and police were called to attend a young man who had been electrocuted by bringing a marquee tensioning wire into contact with a high voltage overhead line. They proceeded to try to resuscitate the casualty who was still very close to the marquee wire. They had

not noticed that the wire was almost in contact with the overhead line, thus they also risked receiving a fatal electric shock.

Instead of being one tragic loss of life, this could have been a multiple fatality involving emergency service personnel.

## Rescue Flow Chart

Before attempting to rescue a person injured by, or in the vicinity of electricity, follow this risk assessment chart.

